4.1 Inverse Functions

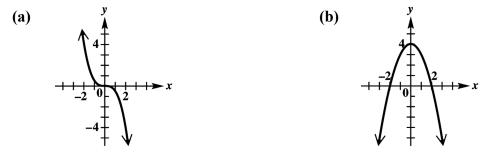
In a one-to-one function, each x-value corresponds to only _____ y-value, and each y-value corresponds to only _____ x-value.

CLASSROOM EXAMPLE 1 Deciding Whether Functions Are One-to-One Determine whether each function is one-to-one.

(a)
$$f(x) = -3x + 7$$
 (b) $f(x) = \sqrt{49 - x^2}$

CLASSROOM EXAMPLE 2 Using the Horizontal Line Test

Determine whether each graph is the graph of a one-to-one function.



Inverse Functions

CLASSROOM EXAMPLE 3 Deciding Whether Two Functions are Inverses Let functions *f* and *g* be defined respectively by

$$f(x) = 2x + 5$$
 and $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 5$.

Is g the inverse function of f?

CLASSROOM EXAMPLE 5 Finding Equations of Inverses Determine whether each equation defines a one-to-one function. If so, find the equation of the inverse.

(a)
$$f(x) = |x|$$
 (b) $g(x) = 4x - 7$

(c)
$$h(x) = x^3 + 5$$
 (d) $k(x) = 2^x$

CLASSROOM EXAMPLE 6 Finding the Equation of the Inverse of a Rational Function The following rational function is one-to-one. Find its inverse.

$$f(x) = \frac{-3x+1}{x-5}, \ x \neq 5$$