Part I: Course Information

Course Type Existing/Restructured

□ New Course

Course Prefix & Number: BIOL 1309

Texas Common Course Number (TCCN): 1309

Course Title: Biology for Non Science Majors II

Course Catalog Description

Biology for Non-Science Majors II (4,3,3). A continuation of BIOL 1408 with emphasis on human systems, nutrition, development, homeostasis, genetics, and evolutionary principles with applications to contemporary issues in human health and the environment.

Course Prerequisites:

Available Online?

 \Box Yes

🛛 No

Part II: THECB Course Objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, students will:

1. Describe modern evolutionary synthesis, natural selection, population genetics, micro and macroevolution, and speciation.

2. Describe phylogenetic relationships and classification schemes.

3. Identify the major phyla of life with an emphasis on plants and animals, including the basis for classification, structural and physiological adaptations, evolutionary history, and ecological significance.

- 4. Describe basic animal physiology and homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.
- 5. Compare different sexual and asexual life cycles noting their adaptive advantages.
- 6. Illustrate the relationship between major geologic change, extinctions, and evolutionary trends.

7. Apply scientific reasoning to investigate questions and utilize scientific tools such as microscopes and laboratory equipment to collect and analyze data.

8. Use critical thinking and scientific problem-solving to make informed decisions in the laboratory.

9. Communicate effectively the results of scientific investigations.

10. Define modern evolutionary synthesis, natural selection, population genetics, micro and macroevolution, and speciation.

11. Describe phylogenetic relationships and classification schemes.

12. Identify the major phyla of life with an emphasis on plants and animals, including the basis for classification, structural and physiological adaptations, evolutionary history, and ecological significance.

13. Describe basic animal physiology and homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.

14. Compare different sexual and asexual life cycles noting their adaptive advantages.

15. Illustrate the relationship between major geologic change, extinctions, and evolutionary trends.

See Attached Syllabus

Part III: THECB Skill Objectives

1. Critical Thinking Skills: to include creative thinking, innovation, inquiry, and analysis, evaluation and synthesis of information

2. Communication Skills: to include effective development, interpretation and expression of ideas through written, oral and visual communication

3. Empirical and Quantitative Skills: to include applications of scientific and mathematical concepts.

4. Teamwork: to include the ability to consider different points of view and to work effectively with others to support a shared purpose or goal

Part IV: Course Student Learning Outcomes (SLO)

Upon successful completion of this course, students will:

1. Describe modern evolutionary synthesis, natural selection, population genetics, micro and macroevolution, and speciation.

2. Describe phylogenetic relationships and classification schemes.

3. Identify the major phyla of life with an emphasis on plants and animals, including the basis for classification, structural and physiological adaptations, evolutionary history, and ecological significance.

4. Describe basic animal physiology and homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.

5. Compare different sexual and asexual life cycles noting their adaptive advantages.

6. Illustrate the relationship between major geologic change, extinctions, and evolutionary trends.

7. Apply scientific reasoning to investigate questions and utilize scientific tools such as microscopes and laboratory equipment to collect and analyze data.

8. Use critical thinking and scientific problem-solving to make informed decisions in the laboratory.

9. Communicate effectively the results of scientific investigations.

10. Define modern evolutionary synthesis, natural selection, population genetics, micro and macroevolution, and speciation.

11. Describe phylogenetic relationships and classification schemes.

12. Identify the major phyla of life with an emphasis on plants and animals, including the basis for classification, structural and physiological adaptations, evolutionary history, and ecological significance.

13. Describe basic animal physiology and homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.

14. Compare different sexual and asexual life cycles noting their adaptive advantages.

15. Illustrate the relationship between major geologic change, extinctions, and evolutionary trends.

See Attached Syllabus

Skill Objective:	Critical Thinking Skills: to include creative thinking,
	innovation, inquiry, and analysis, evaluation and synthesis
	of information
THECB Course Objective	(SLO #4) Describe basic animal physiology and
	homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.
Course Student Learning Outcome	SLO #4) Describe basic animal physiology and
	homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.
General Learning Activities	Lab 18—Students study homeostasis in the lung, liver,
	and kidney. For the liver, the students are given three
	different blood sugar levels and are asked to determine
	the concentration of sugars before and after meals in
	various vessels and arteries. Students submit written lab
	reports and work in groups of 4. See Attached Activity.
Assessment	Exam questions. See attached rubric.
Must Include Assignment & Rubric	

Skill Objective:	Communication Skills: to include effective written,
	oral, and visual communication
THECB Course Objective	SLO #4) Describe basic animal physiology and
	homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.
Course Student Learning Outcome	SLO #4) Describe basic animal physiology and
	homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.
General Learning Activities	Lab 18—Students study homeostasis in the lung, liver,
	and kidney. For the liver, the students are given three
	different blood sugar levels and are asked to determine
	the concentration of sugars before and after meals in
	various vessels and arteries. Students submit written lab

	reports and work in groups of 4. See attached activity.
Assessment	Exam questions. See attached rubric
Must Include Assignment & Rubric	

Skill Objective:	Empirical and Quantitative Skills: to include applications
	of scientific and mathematical concepts.
THECB Course Objective	SLO #4) Describe basic animal physiology and
	homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.
Course Student Learning Outcome	SLO #4) Describe basic animal physiology and
	homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.
General Learning Activities	Lab 18—Students study homeostasis in the lung, liver,
	and kidney. For the liver, the students are given three
	different blood sugar levels and are asked to determine
	the concentration of sugars before and after meals in
	various vessels and arteries. Students submit written lab
	reports and work in groups of 4. See attached activity.
Assessment	Exam questions. See attached rubric
Must Include Assignment & Rubric	

Skill Objective:	Teamwork: to include the ability to consider different
	points of view and to work effectively with others to
	support a shared purpose or goal
THECB Course Objective	SLO #4) Describe basic animal physiology and
	homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.
Course Student Learning Outcome	SLO #4) Describe basic animal physiology and
	homeostasis as maintained by organ systems.
General Learning Activities	Lab 18—Students study homeostasis in the lung, liver,
	and kidney. For the liver, the students are given three
	different blood sugar levels and are asked to determine
	the concentration of sugars before and after meals in
	various vessels and arteries. Students submit written lab
	reports and work in groups of 4. <u>See attached activity.</u>
Assessment	Exam questions. See attached rubric
Must Include Assignment & Rubric	